

### City of McLouth, Kansas Financial Statements December 31, 2010

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page Number</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Summary of Cash Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash	2
Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget (Budgeted funds only)	3
Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget	
General	4
Law Enforcement	5
Fire Equipment	6
Library	7
Bond and Interest	8
Special Highway	9
Water Utility	10
Sewer Utility	11
Gas Utility	12
Summary of Cash Receipts and Expenditures – Actual Only	
Capital Improvements	13
Equipment Reserve	13
Expendable Trust	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Component Units Are Omitted-Separate Entity Financial Statements Have Been Issued

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of McLouth McLouth, Kansas 66054

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of McLouth, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of McLouth, Kansas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the guidance in the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide. Those standards and guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A primary government is a legal entity or body politic and includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate. Such legally separate entities are referred to as a component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government. The primary government financial statements referred to above do not include the financial data of component units of the City of McLouth, Kansas. The effect on the financial statements of the omission of the component units, although not reasonably determined, is presumed to be material.

As described more fully in Note 1, the City has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices prescribed and permitted by the State of Kansas to demonstrate compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas, which practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matters discussed in the preceding paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of McLouth, Kansas, as of December 31, 2010, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended. Further, the City has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of McLouth, Kansas as of December 31, 2010, and its cash receipts and expenditures, and budgetary comparisons, for the year then ended, taken as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

ATC Accounting

July 8, 2011

City of McLouth, Kansas Summary of Cash Receipts, Expenditures and Encumbered Cash For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

398,090	249,630	238,860	886,580
\$			φ.
Checking Accounts	Money Market and Savings Accounts	Certificate of Deposits	Total Reporting Entity

# Summary of Expenditures – Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010 City of McLouth, Kansas

nce er)	(7,342)	(11,666) (539)	(2,674)	(168,884) (144,840) (246,412)
Variance Over (Under)	₩			
litures eable rrent udget	382,658	14,074 12,646 25,154 25,484	12,776	253,476 180,681 303,588
Expenditures Chargeable To Current Year Budget	❖			
Total Budget for Comparison	390,000	25,740 13,185 25,154 25,484	15,450	422,360 325,521 550,000
Total B	↔			
Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credits	ı	1 1	t	1 1 1
Certified 1 Budget B	\$ 000'068	25,740 13,185 25,154 25,484	15,450	422,360 325,521 550,000
	<b>s</b>			
Description	Governmental Fund Types. General	Special Revenue: Law Enforcement Fire Equipment Library Special Highway	Debt Service: Bond and Interest Proprietary Fund Types:	Enterprise: Water Utility Sewer Utility Gas Utility

# City of McLouth, Kansas General Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

			Variance				
	Actual		Budget	Over (Under)			
Cash Receipts:							
Taxes							
Ad Valorem Property	\$ 184,361	\$	196,950	\$	(12,589)		
Delinquent	8,384		3,000		5,384		
Motor Vehicle	24,975		25,830		(855)		
Recreational Vehicle	204		241		(37)		
16/20M Truck	230		364		(134)		
Franchise Fees	33,916		-		33,916		
Sanitation	48,374		60,000		(11,626)		
Sales Tax	38,598		35,000		3,598		
Licenses, Fees and Permits	1,244		-		1,244		
Intergovernmental	10,930		10,000		930		
Municipal Court	21,139		-		21,139		
Interest on Idle Funds	4,060		441		4,060		
Miscellaneous	 2,962		25,007		(22,045)		
Total Cash Receipts	 379,377	\$	356,392	\$	22,985		
Expenditures:							
General Government	239,551	\$	250,000	\$	(10,449)		
Street Lighting	10,542		-		10,542		
Sanitation	48,493		55,000		(6,507)		
Public Safety	3,142		-		3,142		
Recreation and Culture	12,159		-		12,159		
Highways and Streets	46,248		40,000		6,248		
Capital Outlay	2,523		45,000		(42,477)		
Transfers	 20,000		_		20,000		
Total Expenditures	 382,658	\$	390,000	\$	(7,342)		
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,281)						
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	 70,211	-					
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 66,930						

# City of McLouth, Kansas Law Enforcement Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash Receipts:	Actual			Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Taxes				a.			
Ad Valorem Property	\$	7,228	\$	7,723	\$	(495)	
Delinquent		330		150		180	
Motor Vehicle		1,003		1,038		(35)	
Recreational Vehicle		8		10		(2)	
16/20M Truck		9		15		(6)	
		8,578		8,936		(358)	
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		14,074	\$	25,730	\$	(11,656)	
Miscellaneous		-		10		(10)	
Total Expenditures		14,074	\$	25,740	\$	(11,666)	
, o tal and ofference		21,077	T		*	(22)0007	
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,496)					
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		6,476					
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	980					

# City of McLouth, Kansas Fire Equipment Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Actual	Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts:					
Taxes		4			
Ad Valorem Property	\$ 8,666	\$	9,257	\$	(591)
Delinquent	441		150		291
Motor Vehicle	1,336		1,384		(48)
Recreational Vehicle	11		13		(2)
16/20M Truck	12		20		(8)
Miscellaneous	 1,159		-		1,159
Total Cash Receipts	 11,625	\$	10,824	\$	801
Expenditures:					
Public Safety	4,651	\$	5,000	\$	(349)
Lease	7,995		8,185		(190)
Total Expenditures	 12,646	\$	13,185	\$	(539)
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,021)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	4,184				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 3,163				

# City of McLouth, Kansas Library Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts: Taxes Ad Valorem Property Delinquent Motor Vehicle Recreational Vehicle 16/20M Truck	\$	18,049 809 2,506 21 23	\$	19,283 300 2,596 24 37	\$	(1,234) 509 (90) (3) (14)
Total Receipts		21,408	\$_	22,240	\$	(832)
Expenditures: Recreation and Culture		25,154	\$	25,154	\$	-
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		(3,746) 4,079	-			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	333	=			

# City of McLouth, Kansas Bond and Interest Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

		Actual	Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts:						
Taxes			2.			
Ad Valorem Property	\$	10,176	\$	10,871	\$	(695)
Delinquent		407		100		307
Motor Vehicle		1,147		1,259		(112)
Recreational Vehicle		10		12		(2)
16/20M Truck	***********	9		18		(9)
Total Cash Receipts	-	11,749	\$	12,260	\$	(511)
Expenditures:						
Debt Service		12,776	\$	12,450	\$	326
Cash Basis Reserve				3,000		(3,000)
Total Expenditures		12,776	\$	15,450	\$	(2,674)
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,027)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	A	2,397				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	1,370				

### City of McLouth, Kansas Special Highway Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Actual			Budget	Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts: Special Highway Tax Miscellaneous	\$	22,262 4,972	\$		\$	22,262 4,972
Gas Tax		27,234	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	27,234
Expenditures: Street Repair and Maintenance		25,484	\$	25,484	\$	_
Total Expenditures		25,484	\$	25,484	\$	-
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		1,750 27,756				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	29,506				

### City of McLouth, Kansas Water Utility Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Actual		В	udget		/ariance er (Under)
Cash Receipts:				0.50.000	_	(*** ****
Charges for Services	\$	216,639	\$	260,000	\$	(43,361)
Interest on Idle Funds		361		-		361
Miscellaneous		8,174				8,174
Total Cash Receipts		225,174	\$	260,000	\$	(34,826)
Expenditures:						
Operations and Maintenance		178,593	\$	350,000	\$	(171,407)
Debt Service		72,360		72,360		_
Capital Outlay	<u></u>	2,523		-		2,523
Total Expenditures		253,476	\$	422,360	\$	(168,884)
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(28,302)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		112,992	-			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	84,690	<u>.</u>			

# City of McLouth, Kansas Sewer Utility Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Actual		Budget		Variance Over (Under)		
Cash Receipts:	٨	405 304	۲.	220,000	<b>ب</b>	(24.610)	
Charges for Services	\$	185,381	\$	220,000	\$	(34,619)	
Interest on Idle Funds		806		-		806	
Miscellaneous		8,167		-		8,167	
Charges for Services		194,354	\$	220,000	\$	(25,646)	
Expenditures:							
Operations and Maintenance		72,637	\$	220,000	\$	(147,363)	
Debt Service		105,521		105,521		-	
Capital Outlay		2,523		-		2,523	
Total Expenditures		180,681	\$	325,521	\$	(144,840)	
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		13,673					
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		238,584					
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	252,257	=				

# City of McLouth, Kansas Gas Utility Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

		Actual	E	Budget	/ariance er (Under)
Cash Receipts:					
Charges for Services	\$	282,306	\$ -	420,000	\$ (137,694)
Interest on Idle Funds		360		-	360
Miscellaneous	Marie II	14,550		-	 14,550
Total Cash Receipts	·	297,216	\$	420,000	\$ (122,784)
Expenditures:					
Operations and Maintenance		281,065	\$	550,000	\$ (268,935)
Capital Outlay		2,523			2,523
Operating Transfer		20,000		_	 20,000
Total Expenditures		303,588	\$	550,000	\$ (246,412)
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(6,372)			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning		267,305			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$	260,933			

### City of McLouth, Kansas Non-Budgeted Funds Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Capital Improvement	Equipment Reserve
Cash Receipts: Transfers	\$ 30,000 \$	17,142
Expenditures: Capital Outlay Transfers	55,397 7,142	5,250
Total Expenditures	62,539	5,250
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	(32,539) 192,142	11,892 
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 159,603 \$	11,892

# City of McLouth, Kansas Expendable Trust Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash Receipts:		Ad	ctual
Interest on Idle Funds	÷	\$	4_
Expenditures:			
To City		<u></u>	2,000
Total Expenditures			2,000
Cash Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			(1,996)
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning			1,996
Unencumbered Cash, Ending		\$	<b>u</b>

### City of McLouth, Kansas Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2010

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Reporting Entity**

The City of McLouth, Kansas operates as a third class city in accordance with the laws of the State of Kansas. The City operates under a mayor – council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (fire protection), highways and streets, water, sewer, gas, planning and zoning, public improvements, and general administrative services.

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government, regardless of the authority of the organization's governing board.

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that the Library is a component unit of the City. Financial information for the component unit has not been reported in the City's financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements present the activities of the primary government only and are not a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The governing bodies of the following are appointed by the City:

1) <u>Library.</u> The McLouth City <u>Library</u> operates the City's Public Library. Acquisition or disposition of real property by the board must be approved by the City. The City levies taxes for the Library. Bond issuances must be approved by the City.

The Library's unaudited financial statements can be obtained from the City Clerk.

### **Fund Accounting**

In governmental accounting a fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City of McLouth for the year 2010.

### Governmental Funds:

General Fund—To account for all unrestricted financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds—To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds – To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

### **Proprietary Funds:**

Enterprise Funds—To account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges—or where periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is deemed appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

### **Reimbursed Expenditures**

Reimbursed expenses are defined as repayments of amounts remitted on behalf of another party. All reimbursed expenses shown in the financial statements meet the following criteria: 1) the related disbursement was made in the current year on behalf of the payee, 2) the item paid for was directly identifiable as having been used by or provided to the payee, and 3) the amount of the reimbursed expense was directly tied to the amount of the original cash disbursement.

### **Statutory Basis of Accounting**

The statutory basis of accounting, as used in the preparation of these statutory basis financial statements, is designed to demonstrate compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods and services, and are usually evidenced by a purchase order or written contract. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund receiving cash from another fund and an expenditure is charged in the fund from which the transfer is made.

The municipality has adopted a resolution that is in compliance with Kansas Statutes, waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the municipality to revert to the statutory of accounting.

Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America - The basis of accounting described above results in a financial statement presentation, which shows receipts, cash disbursements, cash and unencumbered cash balances, and expenditures compared to budget. Balance sheets that would have shown non-cash assets such as receivables, inventories and prepaid expense, liabilities such as deferred revenue and matured principal and interest payable, and reservations of the fund balances are not presented. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, encumbrances are only recognized as a reservation of fund balance; encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Consequently, the expenditures as reported do not present the cost of goods and services received during the fiscal year in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. General fixed assets that account for the land, building, and equipment owned by

the municipality are not presented in the financial statements. Also, general long-term debt such as general obligation bonds, temporary notes, and compensated absences are not presented in the financial statements.

### 2. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by stature), debt service funds and enterprise funds.

The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in adoption of the legal annual operating budgets:

- 1 Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1<sup>st</sup>.
- Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5<sup>th</sup>.
- 3 Public hearing on or before August 15<sup>th</sup>, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4 Adoption of final budget on or before August 25<sup>th</sup>.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously non-budgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. No funds were amended for the year ended December 31, 2010.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the statutory basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for the Special Revenue Funds and Capital Improvements.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

### 3. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied November 1<sup>st</sup> of the calendar year. A lien is placed on the property when the taxes are levied. The taxes are due ½ on December 20<sup>th</sup> and ½ the following May 10<sup>th</sup>. Any taxes unpaid at the due dates are considered delinquent. Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned nor distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year: such procedure being in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, current year property taxes receivable are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operation of the City and therefore are not susceptible to accrual.

It is not Practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the audit period and, further, the amounts thereof are not material to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase.

### 5. Deposits and Investments

At December 31, 2010, the City had no investments.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the municipality is located and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return of the funds. In addition, K.S.A 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City has not designated any "peak periods" with eligible depositories. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2010.

At December 31, 2010, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$886,580 and the bank balance was \$896,268. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$646,268 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

### 6. Defined Benefit Plan

### Plan Description

The City of McLouth contributes to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. KPERS provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100; Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

### **Funding Policy**

K.S.A. 74-4919 establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 4% of covered salary with employees hired after July 1, 2009 contributing 6% of covered salary. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of section 414 (h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rate be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. State law sets a limitation on annual increases in the contribution rates for KPERS employers. The employer rate established for 2010, which includes pension contributions and group death disability insurance, was 6.14%. The employer contributions to KPERS for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$14,390, \$7,058, and \$8,801, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### 7. Compensated Absences

### Vacation Pay

A full-time employee may accrue vacation of 6.67 hours per month with 0 to 5 years of service, 8 hours per month with 6 to 10 years of service, 10 hours per month with 11 to 15 year of service and 12 hours per month with more than 15 years of service. The maximum amount of vacation available is three weeks per year. Vacation is vested, and terminating employees will be paid for vacation not taken. The cost of accumulated vacation leave is shown in Footnote 12 and will be recorded as an expenditure at the time the vacation is utilized, as normal personal service expenditure.

### Sick Leave

Full-time employees may accrue sick leave at the rate of 1 day per month with a maximum accumulation of 90 days. Upon termination or resignation, no payment for unused sick leave will be made. The cost of accumulated sick pay has not been estimated or accrued by the City as of December 31, 2010 since no liability to pay upon termination.

### 8. Other Post Employment Benefits

As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. Each retiree would pay the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually; the City would be subsidizing the retirees because each participant would be charged a level premium regardless of age. As of December 31, 2010 the City had no retirees participating in the group health insurance plan.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured. There is no cost to the City under this program.

### 9. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers were as follows:

From	То	Statutory Authority	Amount
Gas Utility	Capital Improvements	K.S.A. 12-852d	20,000
Capital Improvements	Equipment Reserve	K.S.A. 12-1,118	7,142
General	Equipment Reserve	K.S.A. 12-1,118	10,000
General	Capital Improvements	K.S.A. 12-1,118	10,000

### 10. Risk Management

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City purchases commercial insurance.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the City did not reduce insurance coverage from levels in place during the prior year. No settlements have exceeded coverage levels in place during the past three fiscal years.

### 11. Subsequent Events

In preparing the financial statements, the City of McLouth's management has performed an evaluation of activity for potential recognition or disclosure through July 8, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has concluded that there are no significant subsequent events requiring disclosure.

**12. Long Term Debt** Changes in long-term liabilities for the City of McLouth, Kansas for the year ended December 31, 2010 were as follows:

Issue	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Amount of issue	Date of Final Maturity	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Net Change	Balance End of Year	Interest Paid
General Obligation Bonds: 2005 Issue	3.75% to 5.00%	6/1/2005	\$ 100,000	10/1/2015	\$ 60,000	1	\$ 10,000	٠ •	\$ 50,000	\$ 2,775
KDHE Loans: Water Improvements	4.31%	11/18/1997	1,132,133	02/1/2019	559,223		48,778	ı	510,445	23,583
Sewer Improvements	3.57%	04/05/2000	1,702,238	09/1/2021	1,022,643	•	69,628	ı	953,015	35,892
Leases: Fire Truck	4.50%	04/25/2002	48,231	4/25/2010	7,833	ŧ	7,833	3	ı	328
Backhoe	4.85%	08/18/2005	43,876	2/25/2010	9,615	-	9,615	ı	1	467
Total Contractual Indebtedness			•		1,659,314		145,854	ı	1,513,460	63,045
Compensated Absences				,	1	1	,	10,632	10,632	
Total Long-Term Debt				я	\$1,659,314	-	- \$ 145,854 \$ 10,632 \$1,524,092	\$ 10,632	\$1,524,092	\$ 63,045

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest through maturity are as follows:

		2011		2012	2013	2014	14	2015	2016-2020		2021-2022	Total
Principal											•	
General Obligation Bonds	↔	10,000	❖	10,000 \$	10,000	S	10,000 \$	10,000	- \$ C	<b>у</b>	ۍ ۱	50,000
KDHE Loan – Water		50,903		53,120	55,434	-,	57,849	60,370	0 232,769	_	t	510,445
KDHE Loan – Sewer		72,136		74,735	77,426	, <u>-</u>	80,215	83,104	4 462,637		102,762	953,015
Leases		•		•	ŧ		1		-		1	•
Total Principal		133,039		137,855	142,860	1,	148,064	153,474	4 695,406		102,762	1,513,460
Interest:												
General Obligation Bonds		2,350		1,910	1,460		066	200			ı	7,210
KDHE Loan – Water		21,458		19,240	16,926		14,511	11,991	1 20,491		,	104,617
KDHE Loan – Sewer		33,385		30,786	28,094	•	25,306	22,416	5 64,967		2,760	207,714
Leases					ı				ı		1	į
Total Interest		57,193		51,936	46,480		40,807	34,907	7 85,458		2,760	319,541
Total Principal and Interest	<b>\$</b>	190,232 \$	٠	189,791 \$	189,340 \$		188,871 \$		188,381 \$ 780,864 \$	\$	105,522 \$	1,833,001

